Preparation and Crystallographic Characterization of the Polyphosphate TIPO₃

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Chemical preparation and crystallographic data are specified for thallium polyphosphate. TIPO₃ crystallizes in the monoclinic system, space group $P_{2_1/n}$, with the following unit-cell parameters: a = 12.270(7)Å; b = 4.263(2) Å; c = 6.328(4) Å; $\beta = 96^{\circ}.72(3)$; Z = 4. This compound is isotypic with two previously described polyphosphates, namely RbPO₃ and CsPO₃. \odot 1991 Academic Press, Inc.

Introduction

Crystallographic studies have been carried out for two thallium condensed phosphates: the cyclotetraphosphate $Tl_4P_4O_{12}(1)$ and the cyclotriphosphate $Tl_3P_3O_9$ (2). These two compounds are transformed, by heating, to a long-chain polyphosphate, $TIPO_3$ (3). The transformations are not reversible and proceed according to the process:

$$\text{Tl}_4\text{P}_4\text{O}_{12} \xrightarrow{T=631 \text{ K}} 4 \text{ TlPO}_{34}$$

TIPO₃ has not been studied up to now.

Chemical Preparation

During experiments made to prepare a thallium-lithium phosphate, TIPO₃ single crystals were obtained accidentally in a flux containing 0.546 g of Li_2CO_3 , 14 g of Tl_2CO_3 , and 4.5 cm³ of H_3PO_4 heated at 473 K for 3 days. Crystals of TIPO₃ grow as needles.

Powder samples were prepared from a stoichiometric mixture of Tl_2CO_3 and 0022-4596/91 \$3.00

Copyright © 1991 by Academic Press, Inc. All rights of reproduction in any form reserved. $(NH_4)_2HPO_4$. The initial heating temperature was 523 K and produced an amorphous material which crystallized after calcination at 573 K for 4 days.

Crystallographic Study

Single crystal study by the Weissenberg technique shows this compound to be iso-typic with the two polyphosphates $CsPO_3$ (4) and $RbPO_3$ (5).

The powdered sample was studied by Xray diffraction, Data were recorded with a Philips Norelco diffractometer using copper $K\alpha_1\alpha_2$ radiation and operating at a low scan speed $[1/8^{\circ}(\theta) \text{ min}^{-1}]$. An indexed powder diagram is provided in Table I. Intensities reported in this table are peak heights above the background. Unit-cell dimensions have been obtained from a least squares refinement using the angular data of the powder diffractogram. Table II compares the crystallographic constants of TIPO₃ with those of CsPO₃ and RbPO₃. It reveals that these three condensed phosphates are isotypic.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

hkl	$d_{\rm cal.}$	$d_{\rm obs.}$	$I_{obs.}$	hkl	$d_{\rm cal.}$	$d_{obs.}$	Iobs.
200	6.09	6.09	14	311	2.581	2.580	4
101	5.87	5.88	12	112	2.524	2.524	9
101	5.34	5.33	26	410	2.479	2.480	23
110	4.02	4.02	15	212	2.418	2.417	21
301	3.609	3.610	57	411	2.385	2.385	6
210	3.493	3.494	37	501	2.368	2.370	7
ī11	3.450	3.450	38	402	2.328	2.327	6
111	3.331	3.330	18	212	2.262	2.262	15
301	3.243	3.244	13	510	2.116	2.116	10
211	3.144	3.143	100	120	2.100	2.098	6
400	3.046	3.045	24	511	2.070	2.072	16
211	2.970	2.969	20	600	2.031	2.030	19
202	2.936	2.936	25				

TABLE I ndexed Powder Diagram for TIPO

TABLE II MAIN CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FEATURES FOR TIPO3, CsPO3, and RbPO3 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RbPO}}$

Polyphosphate	Space group	<i>a</i> (Å)	<i>b</i> (Å)	$c(\text{\AA})$	β(°)	Z	Ref.
TIPO3	$P2_1/n$	12.270(7)	4.263(2)	6.328(4)	96.72(3)	4	This study
CsPO ₃	$P2_1/n$	12.71	4.32	6.83	97	4	(4)
RbPO ₃	$P2_1/n$	12.123(2)	4.228(2)	6.479(2)	96.3(3)	4	(5)

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